

The Adventures of... Archibald & Jockabeb

STUDY GUIDE: Book Four...In The Desert

The Adventures of Archibald and Jockabeb chronicle two young brothers as they grow up experiencing one fantastic adventure after another—oftentimes dangerous and always exciting. The nine book series also showcases the classic struggle between the forces of good and evil.

When the boys' first great adventure begins to unfold, they are twelve and eleven years old. Over the ensuing years, they learn much from their incredible encounters with a host of truly memorable characters—some good, some very bad; some human, some anything but; some from this world, and some otherworldly beyond belief.

The stories are set in the latter part of the 20th century—a simpler time before cell phones, the internet, and social media became part of everyday life.

We wanted to make The Adventures of Archibald & Jockabeb a unique and memorable set of books to be enjoyed by young and old alike. We hope that children and adults will have half the fun reading the books as we had writing and illustrating them -- and if that happens, we'll consider our efforts worthwhile. "So," as Archibald and Jockabeb like to say, "may the magic of the blue feather be with you!"

Art Collins & KC Collins





Lesson Plans:

Lesson #1: Pre-reading (Prediction)
Lesson #2: Introduction (Pages 1-6)
Lesson #3: Chapter #1 (Pages 7-33)
Lesson #4: Chapter #2 (Pages 44-92)
Lesson #5: Chapter #3 (Pages 93-142)
Lesson #6: Epilogues (Pages 133-143)

NOTE: This guide is designed to give teachers and parents a general framework from which to focus on basic reading comprehension skills*, the traditional literary elements of narrative text**, and vocabulary development. The guide includes the use of a journal as a writing extension of the reading experience. Again, this guide presents only a framework, and it is highly recommended that parents and teachers modify it based on the age and fluency level of the reader(s).

*Basic Reading Comprehension Skills...

- Finding Main Idea
- Recalling Facts & Details
- Understanding Sequence
- Recognizing Cause & Effect
- Comparing & Contrasting
- Making Predictions
- Finding Word Meaning in Context
- Facts Vs. Opinion
- Drawing Conclusions & Inferencing
- Author's Purpose
- Understanding Figurative Language
- Summarizing

**Literary Elements of Narrative Text...

- Characters
- Setting
- Problem
- Solution
- Plot

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Lesson #1: Pre-reading

Note: Explain to the reader(s) that part of each lesson will contain guided reading questions that will require writing about his/her reading experience.

<u>Step One:</u> Ask th adventure story.	• • •			•	_	good
Step Two: Ask th	• •					ook and
Step Three: Ask will be about. (Pr	the reader(s) t	J	·			k the book

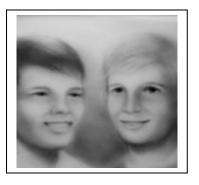
Step Four: Have the reader(s) share their predictions. It is important to ask the reader(s) to explain what in the book or drawings led them to make their specific predictions.

<u>Step Five:</u> Lead a discussion about the literary elements of a narrative story (characters, setting, problem, solution, and plot). (**Literary Elements**) Explain that all narrative stories contain these basic elements. When reading this story, as well as any other narrative text, it is important to concentrate on these elements.

that le	d the author to write the story (to entertain). (Author's Purpose)
had wi	even: Ask the reader(s) to write a paragraph or two describing an adventure they have ith their friends (Text to Self). The reader(s) may then illustrate the setting of their ture. (Visualize)
	,
/////	

Step Six: Read the author's and illustrator's biography and discuss what the basic reason was

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Lesson #1: Introduction (Pages 1-6)

page and paragraph number in which they found the word. Example: ultimately (Page 3, Par. I), mystical (Page 3, Par. 2)		
1		
2 3.		
4		
5		
Step One: Ask the reader(s) to sl		
paragraph, and sentence in which based on its use in the context of Context) Step Two: Ask the reader(s) to look	the word was found. Discuss what the word may mean the sentence or sentences surrounding the word. (Meaning the sentence or sentences surrounding the word. (Meaning) what state is it in? What are sown that are some of the physical characteristics of the Southwesting)	me
paragraph, and sentence in which based on its use in the context of Context) Step Two: Ask the reader(s) to lost states surrounding California? We	the sentence or sentences surrounding the word. (Meaning) becate San Diego on a map. What state is it in? What are southwell	me
paragraph, and sentence in which based on its use in the context of Context) Step Two: Ask the reader(s) to lost states surrounding California? We	the sentence or sentences surrounding the word. (Meaning) becate San Diego on a map. What state is it in? What are southwell	me
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paragraph, and sentence in which based on its use in the context of Context) Step Two: Ask the reader(s) to lost states surrounding California? We	the sentence or sentences surrounding the word. (Meaning of the Southwesting)	me

<u>Step Four:</u> The boys faced evil in the form of the wolf-crows in Book One, the Devil Cat in Book Two, and Vengolus in Book Three. What form do you think evil will take in this story? (Inference, Prediction)

Homework: Read Chapter #1 and answer all questions in Lesson #2.

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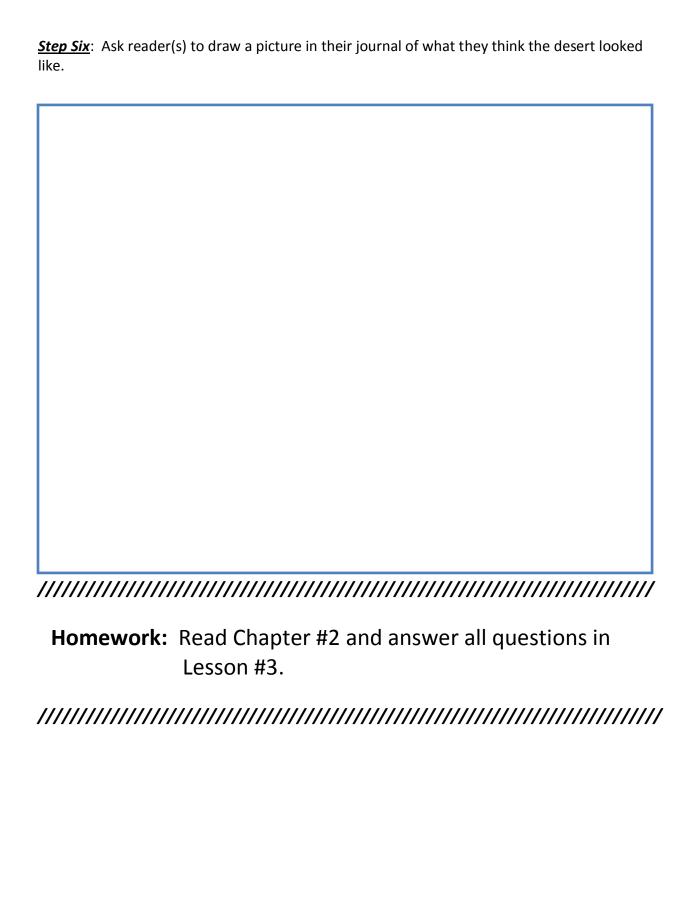
Lesson #2: Chapter #1 "The Last Ditch Cafe" (Pages 7-43)

Vocabulary: Ask the reader(s) to read Chapter #1, and make a list of at least five (5) new or interesting words they find. For each word, have them write down the page and paragraph number in which they found the word.

Example: aroma (Page 7, Par. 1), clincher (Page 8, Par. 1)

1
2
3
4
5
<u>Step One:</u> Ask the reader(s) to share their vocabulary words. The reader(s) will go to the page, paragraph, and sentence in which the word was found. Discuss what the word may mean based on its use in the context of the sentence or sentences surrounding the word. (Meaning in Context)
Step Two: Pose the following question to the reader(s):
"Do you think Jockabeb has changed over the past two year and, if so, how?" (Character Development)
Step Three: Pose the following question to the reader(s):
Why do you think the author used the character, Drina Petala, in the story? (Inference, Author's Purpose)
<u>Step Four:</u> During their trip to San Diego, the boys stop at a place called, the "Last Ditch Café." What do you think the term "Last Ditch" means? (Meaning in Context, Figurative Language)

XAMPLE: Vhich event happened last in Chapter #1? A. Jockabeb meets Drina Petala B. The bus stopped at the "Last Ditch Café. C. The bus arrived at Albuquerque, New Mexico. D. Jockabeb had a dream about a whirling funnel of black sand. A		eader(s) to create a multiple choice question that requires the application of the skill of ifying the sequence of events in Chapter #1. (Sequencing)
A. Jockabeb meets Drina Petala B. The bus stopped at the "Last Ditch Café. C. The bus arrived at Albuquerque, New Mexico. D. Jockabeb had a dream about a whirling funnel of black sand. A	EXAN	ΛPLE:
B. The bus stopped at the "Last Ditch Café. C. The bus arrived at Albuquerque, New Mexico. D. Jockabeb had a dream about a whirling funnel of black sand. A	Vhic	h event happened last in Chapter #1?
C. The bus arrived at Albuquerque, New Mexico. D. Jockabeb had a dream about a whirling funnel of black sand. A		A. Jockabeb meets Drina Petala
A		B. The bus stopped at the "Last Ditch Café.
A		C. The bus arrived at Albuquerque, New Mexico.
B		D. Jockabeb had a dream about a whirling funnel of black sand.
B	<u>. </u>	A.
C		
tep Five: Discuss cause and effect. Have reader(s) come up with at least three examples of ause and effect in Chapter #1. 1. Cause: Effect: 2. Cause: Effect: Significant of the following question:		
tep Five: Discuss cause and effect. Have reader(s) come up with at least three examples of ause and effect in Chapter #1. 1. Cause: Effect: 2. Cause: Effect: 3. Cause: Effect: Sk reader(s) to write the answer to the following question:		
ause and effect in Chapter #1. 1. Cause: Effect: 2. Cause: Effect: 3. Cause: Effect: Sk reader(s) to write the answer to the following question:		D
Effect: 2. Cause: Effect: Streader(s) to write the answer to the following question:		
2. Cause: Effect: 3. Cause: Effect: Sk reader(s) to write the answer to the following question:	-	
Effect: 3. Cause: Effect: Effect: Sk reader(s) to write the answer to the following question:	ause	e and effect in Chapter #1.
3. Cause: Effect: ask reader(s) to write the answer to the following question:	ause	e and effect in Chapter #1. Cause:
Effect:sk reader(s) to write the answer to the following question:	ause	e and effect in Chapter #1. Cause: Effect: Cause:
ask reader(s) to write the answer to the following question:	ause 1	e and effect in Chapter #1. Cause: Effect: Cause: Effect: Effect:
	ause 1	e and effect in Chapter #1. Cause: Effect: Cause: Effect: Cause:
Why do you think the author had the bus almost run out of aas in the middle of the niaht?	ause 1	e and effect in Chapter #1. Cause: Effect: Cause: Effect: Cause:
Why do you think the author had the bus almost run out of aas in the middle of the <code>niaht?</code>	1 2 3	e and effect in Chapter #1. Cause: Effect: Cause: Effect: Effect: Effect: Effect:
Cause & Effect, Author's Purpose)	ause 1 2 3 Ask r	e and effect in Chapter #1. Cause: Effect: Cause: Effect: Effect: Effect: Cause: Effect: Cause: Effect: Output Defect: Effect: Effect



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Lesson #3: Chapter #2 "The Mystery of Lizard Flats" (Pages 44-92)

new or interesting w paragraph number i	vords they find. For n which they found	read Chapter #2, and make a list of at least ten (10) reach word, have them write down the page and the word. 5, Par. 6), resistance (Page 45, Par. 7)
1		
_		
_		
3		
		
5		
6		
7		
8		
		
10		
paragraph, and sent	ence in which the w	neir vocabulary words. The reader(s) will go to the page, word was found. Discuss what the word may mean entence or sentences surrounding the word. (Meaning in
	• •	least three (3) adjectives each, describing Mr. Natonto, ter Development, Word Choice)
Mr. Natonto:		
1	2	3

Little Dove: 1.	2.	3	
Howling Wind: 1.	2.	3.	
Step Three: Discuss		paring and contrasting two (2) or more things	, and give
Pose to the reader(s) the following two (2) questions:	
•	Little Dove and Howli Little Dove and Howli	ng Wind are alike?" ng Wind are different?"	
Different:			
		equires the application of the skill of comparin #2. (Compare and Contrast)	g and
EXAMPLE: "What do Howling	Wind and the black so	and monster have in common?"	
Compare and contro	ast question:		
Step Four: Ask read	der(s) to write the ans	swer to the following question in their journal:	:
"What other cha you of, and why?	•	three A&J books does Howling Wind rei	nind
Character:			

Homework: Read Chapter #3 and answer all questions in Lesson #4.

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Lesson #4: Chapter #3 "The Secrets of Cabeza Prieta" Epilogues (Pages 93-143)

Vocabulary: Ask the reader(s) to read Chapter #3, and make a list of at least ten (10) new or interesting words they find. For each word, have them write down the page and paragraph number in which they found the word.

Example: careem (Pg. 94, Par. 1), foreseen (Pg. 95, Par. 1)

1.	
2.	
2	
4	
5	
6.	
7.	
8.	
9	
10	

Step One: Ask the reader(s) to share their vocabulary words. The reader or class will go to the page, paragraph, and sentence in which the word was found. Discuss what the word may mean based on its use in the context of the sentence or sentences surrounding the word. (**Meaning in Context**)

Step Two: Ask the reader(s) to write at least five (5) adjectives that describe Lizard Flats. **(Setting, Word Choice)**

Lizard Flats:		
1	2	2
3	4	1
5	6	5
Step Three: Discuss the	e difference betw	veen a fact and an opinion.
Give examples of the father the father reader(s):	act versus opinior	n in real life. Pose the following two (2) statements to
"The black lava walls ro	ose up several hui	ndred feet from the grotto floor." (Fact)
"Climbing up the black	lava walls was th	he hardest thing the boys ever did." (Opinion)
		xamples of facts and at least three (3) examples of d be written in journals and discussed.
Fact:		
1		
2		
3.		· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
Opinion:		
1		
2		
3		
<u>Step Four:</u> Read the se	ection in Chapter	#3 entitled, "The Last Gift" (Pg. 95-101). ed in that section of Chapter #3. Share.

Step Five: What was "The Last Gift" referring to?
<u>Step Six:</u> Read the following excerpt from Chapter #3 (Pg. 112, Par. 2):
"Officer Hector Hernandez was finishing the graveyard shift and heading back to the station when the emergency call from dispatch came over his radio."
What is meant by the phrase, "graveyard shift"?

Discuss the difference between figurative language and literal language. Depending on the depth of the discussion, different types of figurative language can be explored (simile, metaphor, personification, etc.)
Ask the reader(s) to make a list of at least two) examples of figurative language in Chapter #3. (Figurative Language)
1
2
<u>Step Seven:</u> When Officer Hernandez found the boys in the desert, it looked as if they were dragged for a long way, but there were no footprints in the sand.
How do you think the boys got to where Officer Hernandez finally found them? (Inference, Prediction)

Epilogues:

Step One: Ask the reader(s) to write the answer to the following questions:

*When Jockabeb opens his fortune cookie, it reads, "What you think is done is not done at all." What do you think that means, and why do you think the author put that is
the First Epilogue? (inference, Author's Purpose)
*Who do you think sent the note saying, "Stop searching, and beware of the inverted pentagram!" Why? (inference, Author's Purpose)
Step Two: Discuss the concept of summarizing, what is involved in summarizing, and how to make a good summary. Discuss how you would go about summarizing the entire story (based on literary elements).
Write in their journals a summary of the entire story (summarizing).
Step Three: Review the twelve (12) reading comprehension skills.
<u>Step Four:</u> Review the literary elements of a narrative story.





Integration of book study into classroom

Wolf-crow clubhouse